

CLEMENCEAU ATTACK BEGAN IN THE SENATE BY HITCHCOCK TODAY

Leader Declared That Former Premier's Attitude Toward Germany Had Tended to Detract from Effectiveness of His Appeal.

ON BEHALF OF FRANCE AND ALLIES

In Second Speech in New York Clemenceau Again Blamed United States For Leaving Europe in the Lurch—He Went to Boston To-day.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 23.—The utterances in this country of former Premier Clemenceau of France came under fire on the floor of the Senate today in a debate revolving mainly around the Versailles treaty and covering many more recent problems of international relationship.

Discussion of the mission of the French war-time premier was begun by Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, ranking Democrat of the foreign relations committee and the Wilson administration leader during the treaty debate, with a speech declaring that Clemenceau's attitude toward Germany had been such as to detract somewhat from the effectiveness of his appeals to the American people.

"While Clemenceau has not been known as an extreme militarist as compared with Poincare and some other statesmen," said Senator Hitchcock, "he has a reputation for representing an entirely harsh policy toward Germany."

The Nebraska senator added that his purpose was not so much to criticize Clemenceau but rather the policy of the French government toward Germany. He said America was honored by the former premier's visit and observed that Clemenceau himself had invited criticism of his remarks.

Referring to statements of former Prime Minister Nitti of Italy that Clemenceau's policy was characterized by a hatred of Germany, Senator Hitchcock continued:

"So I deprecate somewhat the character of this messenger who has come from France to ask the United States to cooperate for peace. And yet Mr. Clemenceau was mild in his attitude toward Germany as compared with the present government of France. It has been said that he lost his position because of his too mild treatment of Germany, while the present attitude of France toward Germany is the extreme of extremes."

CLEMENCEAU FEELS MUCH ELATED

Over His Success In Getting Americans to Talking About France and Frenchmen.

On board Clemenceau's private car en route to Boston, Nov. 23 (By the Associated Press).—Jubilant that he had at least set America talking about France and French relations, Georges Clemenceau worked to-day on a new appeal and a new broadside of friendly criticism to be launched in his Boston speech.

The aged ex-premier of France was keenly interested in news of how his remarks were being received, especially in official Washington. He told Colonel Stephen Bonsal, his tour conductor, that some of the comment indicated that the need for information in some quarters "was even greater than he had realized."

Between snatches of work, he paused to gaze out the car window and admire the scenery. He declared himself in great form, and said he was ready to give his Boston audience "as much of his heart" as he had given those in New York which he added was "all of it."

TO LET CLEMENCEAU REST, In Anticipation of His Address in Boston.

Boston, Nov. 23. The tri-color of France and the Star and Stripes floated side by side from many buildings to-day in honor of Georges Clemenceau who was due to arrive from New York this afternoon. Lieutenant Governor Alvan T. Fuller headed a committee delegated to meet him at the North station.

Plans were made for the war premier of France to ride through a portion of the business district in an automobile, with a military and naval escort, to the city hall where Mayor Curley was to receive him. Thence the route lay up Beacon Hill to the State House, with a brief stop for a welcome from Governor Cox in the Hall of Flags, and through the Back Bay district to the public library and then to the home on Commonwealth avenue of M. Clemenceau's host, Francis L. Higginson, jr.

The arrangements were so planned as to give the noted visitor ample time to rest in preparation for his address in Tremont temple to-morrow afternoon.

LEFT EUROPE IN LURCH.

Clemenceau Blames United States for Leaving Europe in the Lurch.

New York, Nov. 23. (By the Associated Press).—Georges Clemenceau yesterday laid at the door of the United States blame for all the unrest in which Europe now seethes.

Speaking before his second New York audience, an audience of business men at the Chamber of Commerce of the state of New York the aged French war premier declared that America had left France "in the lurch" after the war.

"It was a great mistake to leave without any proposal for an adjournment of matters, and the source of all the evil that is taking place now," he declared.

"People ask me 'what do you want us to do?' he continued. 'I answer: I don't know what I want you to do, I want you to interfere in Europe because you left it too soon, I want you to come back, saying, 'Well gentlemen, what's the matter with you—something gone wrong? I will give you some help. Can I be of use?'"

FRENCH MILDLY INTERESTED.

In Clemenceau's Address in New York Recently.

Paris, Nov. 23.—Georges Clemenceau's speech in New York yesterday is not given great prominence in the Paris newspapers this morning. Press comment is confined entirely to remarks of his critics particularly the bitter ones, who by the substitution of the letter "d" for "v" changed his familiar "Père la Victoire" (Father of Victory) into "Perd la Victoire" (Lose the victory). Edmund Du Mesnil, writing in the radical journal *Rapport*, declares that if M. Clemenceau had not the sympathy of the French public it was because "the good sense of the people, who are wiser than several diplomats, clearly saw the crushing responsibility incurred by 'Père la Victoire'."

BRITISH INDUSTRIAL CRISIS WORRIES KING

Opening Parliament, George Declares Ameliorative Measures Are Being Undertaken.

London, Nov. 23 (By the Associated Press).—The new Parliament will be asked to continue and extend the ameliorative measures prepared by the Lloyd George ministry as regards trade and employment, and also to guarantee a loan for the restoration of Austria, said King George to-day in his speech from the throne officially opening the session.

The ceremony to-day was attended with all the colorful splendor of the age-old function of the opening of a Parliament by the king, but probably the main interest centered upon the speech from the throne, giving an indication of the government's program for new legislation.

While the king's speech was exceedingly short, it touched some of the most vital subjects of the day. Aside from the reference made to the necessity of passing the Irish bill in connection with the Anglo-Irish treaty, which is one of the first duties of the new Parliament, the utterance which attracted most attention was that forecasting the extension of ameliorative measures for trade and employment, which the speech said were being prepared by the new government.

"The state of trade and employment continues to cause me grave concern," said the king, and this was in substance a reiteration of Prime Minister Bonar Law's oft repeated words during the election campaign. Prosperity and tranquility must be founded on improved trade and decreasing unemployment, Mr. Bonar Law had said.

It was considered significant that while the king was proclaiming this legislation, thousands of the unemployed were continuing their meetings of yesterday in London, asking relief from present conditions.

The king expressed the hope that the Lausanne conference might result "in the establishment of peace and the restoration of security to inhabitants of regions which have recently been the scene of so much suffering." The king spoke as follows:

"My Lords and Members of the House of Commons: The constitution for the Irish free state having been passed by the House of Parliament established under the Irish free state agreement act of the last session sitting as a constituent assembly, and it being required by the terms of that act that the constitution should come into force by Dec. 6, next, I have summoned you to meet in order that legislation necessary to give effect to that constitution and to make provisions consequential on the establishment of the Irish free state, may at once be submitted for your approval.

"The state of trade and employment continues to cause me grave concern. Ameliorative measures prepared by the new government are being examined afresh, and you will be asked to make provision for their continuance and extension and to guarantee a loan in accordance with the league of nations' scheme for the restoration of Austria.

"Negotiations for a settlement of difficulties in the Near East are proceeding, and it is my hope that at the conference at Lausanne the efforts of my ministers, acting in whole-hearted co-operation with the representatives of our allies may result in the re-establishment of peace and the restoration of security to the inhabitants of regions which have recently been the scene of so much suffering.

"And I pray that the blessing of Almighty God may rest upon your deliberations."

CALL ON KELLAR TO STATE FACTS

On Which He Asked for Impeachment of Daugherty.

HOUSE JUDICIARY GIVES UNTIL DEC. 1

Minnesota Man Also Is Asked for Names as Far as Possible.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 23.—The House judiciary committee adopted a resolution to-day calling on Representative Kellar, Republican, Minnesota, to present by Dec. 1, a statement of facts showing the alleged act or acts for which he has asked for the impeachment of Attorney General Daugherty.

Mr. Kellar further was requested to name as far as possible "the persons involved in each transaction, the time and place thereof and the witnesses by which such facts can be established."

CHILDERS IS DENIED HABEAS CORPUS

Judge Declared He Could Not Give It Because He Had No Jurisdiction.

Dublin, Nov. 23 (By the Associated Press).—A writ of habeas corpus was refused Erskine Childers, lieutenant of Eamon De Valera, by the master of the *rolla* to-day.

To an application by Patrick Lynch, Childers' counsel, for a stay of execution, the judge replied that he could not give it, as he had not jurisdiction. In refusing the writ of habeas corpus, the master declared he must take judicial notice of the fact that southern Ireland had been enduring a state of war for months, and that plainly it was the duty of the government, whether provisional or finally constituted, to preserve and save the country from destruction. Force must be met by force.

Childers had entered the civil court for protection, while proclaiming himself a soldier of the Irish republic. The answer must be that the court's jurisdiction was ousted by the state of war which Childers himself had helped to produce.

The matter held that his ruling also applied to the eight other prisoners whose names have not been announced, owing to the state of war, he had jurisdiction.

LESS INTEREST IN HUNGER STRIKE

But Requests for Release of Mary MacSwiney Are Increasing in Volume.

Dublin, Nov. 23 (By the Associated Press).—The hunger strike of Mary MacSwiney at Mount Joy prison and the vigil and fast which her sister, Annie, is maintaining at the gates, appear to be attracting less attention than has been accorded similar tactics by Irish political figures.

Expressions of sympathy and appeals for Miss MacSwiney's release, however, are increasing in number as the hunger strike approaches the termination of its third week. This was the 19th day of her fast.

Annie MacSwiney maintains her post in an armchair outside the prison gates, attended by friends. She has refused to eat since last Friday.

PLOT TO GET INTO PRISON

In Order to Carry Out Observations Among Convicts.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 23.—Dr. E. J. Lenihan, sentenced to 18 months in a federal prison on a charge of taking a stolen automobile from Portland to Spokane, told Judge R. S. Bean he wanted a penitentiary term in order to carry out psychopathological studies among convicts.

He said he was a graduate of a large university in the east, that he and several associates planned to study criminals at close range and that three of his medical friends had been sentenced to penitentiaries and now were serving terms in the Near East wing of the federal penitentiary but would not tell where the other was.

He said he had made numerous attempts to obtain a prison sentence in New York, but each time had succeeded in getting only a jail term.

CALLS BRYAN 'TORQUEMADA'

Of This New Inquisition' Against Darwinian Theory.

Boston, Nov. 23.—Professor Edwin Grant Conklin of Princeton university, in the course of a lecture on the "revolt against Darwinism" here last night, criticized "disbelievers" in the Darwinian theory and termed William Jennings Bryan "the torquemada of this new inquisition."

"The opponents of evolution," he added, "have neither the technical training nor the desire to weigh critically the evidence for the truth of evolution."

84 KILLED IN ALABAMA MINE

And Number May Be Increased By Further Investigation.

RESCUE CREWS PENETRATE MINE

There Were 475 Men in the Mine When Explosion Occurred.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 23.—Eighty-four lives were lost and sixty persons were injured as a result of an accident and explosion yesterday in the Woodville No. 3 coal mine of the Woodward Iron company, according to a statement issued at noon to-day by Frank H. Cogard, president of the company. Of the injured 35 were removed to their homes; 25 were in hospitals. Work of identification at that hour had not been completed but it was believed that there were 38 white dead and 29 white injured.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 23.—Work of removing the dead from the Woodville No. 3 of the Woodward Iron company, in which 475 men were trapped by an explosion yesterday, was renewed by rescue crews to-day. Company officials estimated the list of dead might be increased from 23. Checking or injured indicated the list of sixty was approximately correct. Of the dead 35 were white men, of the injured eighty per cent are negroes, according to company officials.

Shortly before midnight the work of identification of dead men halted, authorities and officials turning all of their attention to caring for the injured.

The force of the explosion was felt in Birmingham, nine miles distant, the concussion being distinctly heard in the South Highlands residential district.

Stories of heroism, common in coal mine disasters, began to trickle to the outside early to-day as beguiled rescuers came to the surface after long hours at work in the mine.

ACCUSED WOMAN THREATENED.

If Mr. Phillips Was Not Sent to Penitentiary.

Los Angeles, Nov. 23.—The district attorney's office to-day made public a letter threatening the life of Mrs. Clara Phillips, convicted of second degree murder, for beating Mrs. Alberta Tremaine Meadows to death with a hammer, if she were not sent to the penitentiary.

Mrs. Phillips was to appear in court to-day to be counsel to ask for a new trial on technical grounds.

"Fatal mistakes were made in the records," her counsel declared, "and there are ample grounds for a new trial."

APPRECIATES AMERICAN AID.

Lenine Told Col. Haskell, Director of American Relief.

Moscow, Nov. 23 (By the Associated Press).—Colonel William N. Haskell, director of the American Relief administration in Russia, who leaves for America soon for a conference with Herbert Hoover, returned to Leningrad yesterday to say good-bye.

In a conversation in Lenine's office that lasted for an hour and a half, the two men discussed Russia's internal affairs. The premier detailed conditions in Russian industry and expressed appreciation for what the American people had done here through the relief administration. He personally thanked Colonel Haskell, who expects to return to Russia within six weeks.

According to recounted returns from all but two towns.

Boston, Nov. 23.—Tabulation of the returns in the recount of votes for United States senator in this state in the election of Nov. 2, with only two small towns missing, show 406,703 for William Gaston, Democrat, and 431,320 for Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Republican. This gives a plurality of 7,187 for Lodge.

The two missing towns, New Ashford and Raynham, cast a total of 281 votes. If no change is shown on a recount of their ballots, the final plurality for Lodge will stand at 7,368.

WORST DROUGHT SINCE 1909.

Pennsylvania's Dry Spell Dates Back to July.

Philadelphia, Nov. 23.—Pennsylvania is experiencing one of the worst droughts in history. Johnstown, the scene of one of the most disastrous floods on record, now is the most acutely affected by the dry spell which dates back to July.

Meteorological authorities in Harrisburg say the drought is the most serious experienced in this state since 1909.

CHECKING UP DETAILS.

For Completion of Hall-Mills Case Before Grand Jury.

Somerville, N. J., Nov. 23.—Officials conducting the Hall-Mills murder inquiry before the grand jury, which has adjourned until next week, devoted to-day to checking up details in the case. It was expected that the presentation would be concluded Tuesday.

LLOYD GEORGE CHOSEN.

As Leader of National Liberals at Party Meeting.

London, Nov. 23. (By the Associated Press).—Former Prime Minister Lloyd George was unanimously elected leader of the National Liberals at the party meeting to-day.

CLAM SHELL HALF MILLION YEARS OLD

Unearthed 100 Feet Below New York City During Excavation for Bank Building.

New York, Nov. 23.—A shell found 100 feet below the surface by excavators for the new federal reserve bank in the heart of the financial district is that of a clam at least half a million years old, according to a report from scientists of Cornell university, received by an officer of the bank to-day.

The shell, thicker than that of any living clam and of an oval shape, puzzled amateur geologists who thought at first it had once belonged to an oyster of some extinct species. It was presented as a souvenir to Benjamin Strong, governor of the federal reserve bank, and one of his assistants forwarded it to Cornell for identification.

COURT TERM 25 MINUTES.

Business: One Directed Judgment: One Motion for Re-Argument.

Rutland, Nov. 23.—The business of the November term of the supreme court was completed yesterday and a recess was taken sine die. The entire term lasted but 25 minutes, divided between two days.

In the Bennington county case, Harry A. Gore vs. William R. Blanchard, tort, a direct judgment for defendant in the lower court was affirmed. A motion for re-argument was filed in the Rutland county case, Robert Wilson vs. Employers Liability and Assurance corporation. The plaintiff was hit by falling logs while driving a team and there is a question as to responsibility.

MONTPELIER

A good-sized crowd attended the Elks' concert and ball held last night in the city hall, with Carroll's orchestra furnishing music. The decorations were generally conceded to be among the most elaborate and best carried out ever seen in the city hall.

The artists in the concert were Miss Katherine Gutchell, pianist, James Bennett, tenor, and Herman Hopkins, dialect reader. Miss Betty Brown of Goddard seminary was unable to be present because of illness. Miss Gutchell played the "Scherzo in E minor," by Mendelssohn, "Loreley," by Seeling, and "Juba Dance," by Dett. She responded to numerous encores, in one of which she whistled the air, "Mr. Bennett's numbers were 'Call Me Back, Pal O' Mine' and 'Smilin' Through'."

Mr. Hopkins gave a number of French Canadian dialect numbers, which delighted the audience. At 11 o'clock, James Mackie gave the Elks' toast. The color scheme of the decorations was purple and white. The house was decorated with crepe paper streamers and bangles. The stage was a masterpiece. The footlights were masked with a rail about a foot high. From the top of the front of the stage hung a curtain of alternate purple and white streamers. The rear of the stage was hidden by a fence with white posts bearing the letters "B. P. O. E., 1922."

The back wall displayed a large Elks' banner in the center and smaller emblems on each side, with two large United States flags draped at the sides. On the front of the stage appeared B. P. O. E. in white letters on purple. The memorial committee which was in charge consisted of Joseph Hancock, Fred Ingalls, Manuel Pittin and Joseph Abair. Mr. Mackie had the direction of decorating the hall.

The winners of the prize waltz were Miss Josephine Mitchell of Montpelier and Fred Ingalls of Barre.

Two games in an interclass elimination basketball series were played yesterday afternoon at the high school. This series is not for the cup, and the variety squad will have as a nucleus the men who make the class teams. Practice has been going on for about two weeks. The freshmen defeated the sophomores by a score of 12 to 10 and the seniors by a score of 12 to 11 in an overtime period. The freshmen and the juniors will play this afternoon for the class championship until it is settled by the league. In the freshmen-sophomore game, the freshmen led by a score of 8 to 2 at the end of the first half. Sheridan starred for the freshmen and E. Donahue played a good guarding game. Sheridan looked good for the sophomores and Ledden shot two long baskets. Benoit shot the fouls well. The senior-junior game was close, the seniors leading, 11 to 9, up till a few seconds before the end of the second half, when Halligan scored a basket. In the overtime period, Cassini scored a basket a few seconds before the end of the period.

The Washington county petit jury has been discharged, subject to call, with the expectation of those on the present case.

The state engineer's department is being moved from the State House to the Fifield house. The new department to be moved. Those that have been moved are the fish and game department, highway department and the forestry department.

In probate court, H. William Scott and Dr. L. D. Martin have been appointed executors of the last will and testament of Caroline George, late of Barre. Henry L. Farwell has been appointed guardian of Lizzie W. Langdon in place of H. W. Kemp, deceased. Henry Smith has settled his final account as administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Frank S. Porter, late of Johnson, Mich. Leon J. Ellis has settled his final account as administrator of the estate of Edward L. Wheeler late of Calais.

A good-sized crowd attended the freshmen's fair last night, the attraction being the Goddard Glee club. Miss Betty Brown was unable to be present because of illness. Dancing was in order until 12 o'clock.

Ensign Raymond Tuttle of the U. S. S. North Dakota is spending a furlough with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Tuttle of Pitkin Court.

Literally.

"So your neighbor Subbubs hasn't been able to get any coal. Is he kicking up a row about it?"

"No, he's just saying nothing and saving wood."—Boston Transcript.

LOST \$2,000 BET SAYS GARTLAND

In Accounting for Money Paid for Putting Through Deal.

NONE WENT TO BOSTON CITY COUNCIL

Still Has \$1,200 and Accounted for Balance of \$4,000 Fee.

Boston, Nov. 23.—The \$2,000 which John J. Gartland, former state senator, refused yesterday to account for in public to the municipal financial commission which is investigating the sale of the synagogue of the Congregation Beth Israel to the city, was lost in an election bet, he testified to-day. Of a second \$2,000 which he received for his part "in putting the sale through," he said, he still has \$1,200, and accounted for the rest. None of the \$4,000 went to any members of the Boston city council, he declared.

Counsel for the commission at the opening of the public hearing asserted that the evidence would show that Gartland was a go-between in handling the money which was paid out by the church society to effect the sale, that four councilmen who originally voted against the transaction subsequently changed their votes, to make the matter unanimous and that two of them at about the same time made deposits of several hundred dollars at their banks.

ROBBED CUSTOMERS AND RESTAURANT

Five Bandits Lined Up 18 People Against the Wall and Robbed Them of \$3,000.

New York, Nov. 23.—Entering a delicatessen shop and restaurant at Amsterdam avenue and 100th street early to-day, five bandits lined the proprietor, two servants and 16 patrons, four of whom were women, against the wall, robbed the cash register, took money and jewelry from the men and dashed away in a taxicab. Their loot was valued at more than \$3,000.

HINTON IN BRITISH GUIANA.

In His Airplane Flight from New York to Brazil.

Georgetown, British Guiana, Nov. 23. (By the Associated Press).—Lieutenant Walter R. Hinton, who arrived here Tuesday on his airplane flight from New York to Brazil, is to resume his aerial journey to-morrow, flying over Dutch Guiana to Cayenne, capital of French Guiana.

At Cayenne the aviator will be close to the Brazilian border, and his next jump will be into Brazilian territory. According to his present plans he expects to arrive at Paris below the mouth of the Amazon on Nov. 27.

EX-PREMIER SONNINO OF ITALY HAS SHOCK

Condition Is Such as to Leave No Hope for His Recovery.

Rome, Nov. 23 (By the Associated Press).—Baron Sidney Sonnino, former premier and foreign minister, suffered a stroke of apoplexy to-day. His condition is most serious.

The stroke was described by the baron's physicians as cerebral apoplexy and his condition, it was stated, leaves no hope for his recovery.

Baron Sonnino is 75 years old. He was prime minister twice before the war, but it was through his service as foreign minister throughout the war and during the peace conference in Paris that he won his greatest prominence in international affairs. He was distinguished as an authority on financial and economic questions and was the moving force in some of the notable reforms in Italian financial administration in his earlier political career as minister of the treasury and finance.

TOO SCANT ATTIRE

Used By Girl Athlete of University of Washington.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 23.—Miss Julia Durant, sophomore at the University of Washington, is out of athletics at that institution for the rest of this year, it is unofficially reported, because of a printed photograph of her wearing running trunks like those worn by male track athletes.

According to Miss Mary Gross, head of the university department of physical education for women, a jumper-bloomer suit of serge is the limit for girl athletes.

"CABINET OF WORK"

Finishing Touches Being Put on It By Cuno.

Berlin, Nov. 23 (By the Associated Press).—Wilhelm Cuno, who has assumed a chancellor's responsibility in the government of Germany, to-day was putting the finishing touches on the organization of his "cabinet of work" with which he plans to go before the Reichstag on Friday.

It is believed that the new government will have its program on the Wirth ministry's November note to the reparations commission, which suggested a loan of one billion marks, half of which would be supplied by the Reichstag, as a means of rehabilitating the German mark.

The note also requested a moratorium of three or four years.

FORMER WATERBURY WOMAN.

Mrs. Mary L. Wells Died at Daughter's Home in Berlin, N. Y.

Waterbury, Nov. 23.—Word was received here this morning of the death in Berlin, N. Y., of Mrs. Mary L. Wells, for a long time a resident of Duxbury and Waterbury but who, for the last eight years, had been living with her daughter in Berlin. The body will be brought here and the burial will be at the Duxbury Corner cemetery Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Wells was born in Duxbury on Jan. 9, 1830, the daughter of Ira and Permele Atherton, her father having been town clerk and treasurer for 24 years, four times representative in the legislature, a deacon of the Congregational church and prominent in affairs of his town. There were five children in the family, and Mrs. Wells was the last of the five.

Mrs. Wells attended the common schools and Bakersfield academy, after which she took up teaching, having schools in this vicinity. Later she went to Attica, Ind., where she taught two years. There she met Isaac Wells of Plainfield, N. J., and their marriage took place at the bride's home in Duxbury Aug. 4, 1853. They lived for a time in Indiana and then came to Waterbury to take up their residence. Mr. Wells died in 1885. Later Mrs. Wells engaged in the millinery business.

Eight years ago she went to Berlin, N. Y., to live with her daughter, Mrs. Edward S. Frary. Mrs. Wells was the oldest member of the Congregational church of Waterbury, being 92. She was a very estimable woman and had many friends here.

DEATH AT WATERBURY.

Domenico Rossi Was an Expert Letter Cutter.

Waterbury, Nov. 23.—Domenico Rossi, an expert letter cutter employed for some time in the O'Clair stonemason's shop, died this morning after a long period of ill health with tubercular trouble. He had not been able to work since last Christmas. He was about 45 years of age and leaves his wife, who was Carrie Bianchi, and three children, Rachel, Theresa and Robert. The funeral will be held at his late home Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

ATTACHMENT FOR \$25,000.

Brought Against Asbestos Corporation of America at Burlington.

Burlington, Nov. 23.—A writ of attachment for the sum of \$25,000 was filed in the office of the county clerk yesterday by the Kennedy Van Saus Manufacturing and Engineering Corporation of New York City, against the Asbestos Corporation of America, with offices in this city. The suit is brought to recover on a judgment rendered against the defendant by consideration of the supreme court of New York on October 9, 1922, for the sum of \$16,325.02 damages and costs of \$122.55. The law firm of Powell & Powell appears for the plaintiff.

HARDING APPOINTS DEMOCRATS TO BENCH

Nominated Pierce Butler of Minnesota to U. S. Supreme Court.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 23.—Pierce Butler of St. Paul, Minn., was nominated to-day by President Harding as associate justice of the supreme court to take the place made vacant by the resignation of Associate Justice Day.

Mr. Butler is a Democrat. He has been a practicing attorney in Minnesota since 1888, and has been counsel for the government in a number of important cases. He is a native of Dakota county, Minnesota, and is 56 years old.

PASSED NURSE'S EXAMINATIONS.

Miss Florence Johnson, Barre City Hospital, Had Highest Mark of Class.

The following is the list of nurses who passed the state board examinations in Montpelier Nov. 2 and